

<b>OUTCOME T5 – Review</b>
----------------------------

1. Solve the following trigonometric equations over the given interval.

a)  $2 \cos \theta = 2$  where  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$

$$\cos \theta = 1$$

$$\theta = 0^\circ$$

$$\theta = 360^\circ$$

b)  $4 \tan \theta - 7 = 5 \tan \theta - 6$  where  $-2\pi \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$

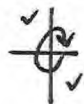
$$-1 = \tan \theta$$

$$\theta = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = -\frac{5\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = \frac{7\pi}{4}$$



c)  $4 \sin^2 x - 1 = 0$  where  $-4\pi \leq x \leq \pi$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\sin x = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{\pi}{6}, -\frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$-\frac{13\pi}{6}, -\frac{17\pi}{6}$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$-\frac{7\pi}{6}, -\frac{11\pi}{6}$$



X =

2. Solve the following trigonometric equations over the given interval.

a)  $2\cos^2\theta + \cos\theta = 0$  where  $[0, 2\pi]$

$$\cos\theta (2\cos\theta + 1) = 0$$

$$\cos\theta = 0$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$2\cos\theta + 1 = 0$$

$$\cos\theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\therefore \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$\theta = \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

b)  $2\sin^2\theta - 5\sin\theta - 3 = 0$  where  $[-3\pi, 3\pi]$

$$(2\sin\theta + 1)(\sin\theta - 3) = 0$$

$$2\sin\theta + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin\theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

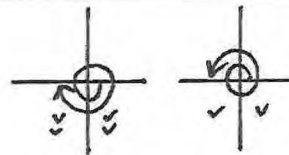
$$\theta = -\frac{\pi}{6}, -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{13\pi}{6},$$

$$-\frac{17\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\sin\theta - 3 = 0$$

$$\sin\theta = 3$$

no solution



$$\therefore \theta = -\frac{\pi}{6}, -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{13\pi}{6}$$

$$-\frac{17\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

c)  $\sec\theta + 10 = 2 - 4\sec\theta$  where  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$  (in radians)

$$\frac{5\sec\theta}{5} = \frac{-8}{5}$$

$$\sec\theta = -\frac{8}{5}$$

$$\cos\theta = -\frac{5}{8}$$

$$\theta_2 = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)$$

$$\theta_2 = 0.896$$

Q2

$$\theta = \pi - \theta_2$$

$$\theta = 2.246$$

Q3

$$\theta = \pi + \theta_2$$

$$\theta = 4.038$$

$$\therefore \theta = 2.246 + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\theta = 4.038 + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

3. Solve the following trigonometric equations over the given interval.

a)  $\tan^2 x - 3 \tan x = 0$  where the domain is all real numbers (in degrees).

$$\tan x (\tan x - 3) = 0$$

$$\tan x = 0$$

$$x = 0^\circ, 180^\circ, 360^\circ$$

$$\tan x - 3 = 0$$

$$\tan x = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x_p = \tan^{-1}(3)$$

$$x_p = 71.565^\circ$$

Q1

$$\theta = \theta_p$$

$$\theta = 71.565^\circ$$

Q3

$$\theta = 180^\circ + \theta_p$$

$$\theta = 251.565^\circ$$

$$\theta = 0^\circ + 360^\circ k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ + 360^\circ k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\theta = 71.565^\circ + 360^\circ k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\theta = 251.565^\circ + 360^\circ k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

b)  $\csc^2 \theta + 4 \csc \theta - 12 = 0$  where  $[0, 2\pi]$

$$(\csc \theta + 6)(\csc \theta - 2) = 0$$

$$\csc \theta + 6 = 0$$

$$\csc \theta = -6$$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\theta_p = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$\theta_p = 0.167$$

$\checkmark$

Q3

$$\theta = \pi + \theta_p$$

$$\theta = 3.309$$

Q4

$$\theta = 2\pi - \theta_p$$

$$\theta = 6.116$$

$$\csc \theta - 2 = 0$$

$$\csc \theta = 2$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$\therefore \theta = 3.309$$

$$\theta = 6.116$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

c)  $3\sin^2\theta + \sin\theta - 1 = 0$  where  $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{-(1) \pm \sqrt{(1)^2 - 4(3)(-1)}}{2(3)}$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{13}}{6}$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{13}}{6}$$

$$\sin\theta = 0.434$$

$$\checkmark \theta_R = \sin^{-1}(0.434)$$

$$\theta_R = 25.722^\circ$$

Q1

$$\theta = \theta_R$$

$$\theta = 25.722^\circ$$

Q2

$$\theta = 180^\circ - \theta_R$$

$$\theta = 154.278^\circ$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{13}}{6}$$

$$\sin\theta = -0.768$$

$$\theta_R = \sin^{-1}(0.768) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\theta_R = 50.175^\circ$$

Q3

$$\theta = 180^\circ + \theta_R$$

$$\theta = 129.825^\circ$$

Q4

$$\theta = 360^\circ - \theta_R$$

$$\theta = 309.825^\circ$$

$$\therefore \theta = 25.722^\circ$$

$$\theta = 154.278^\circ$$

$$\theta =$$

$$230.175^\circ$$

$$\theta = 309.825^\circ$$