

OUTCOME R2 R3 R4 R5 – Review

1. Given the following graphs, perform each of the following transformations. Also answer the provided questions.

a) $y = \frac{1}{2}g(-x + 4) - 1$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}g(-(x-4)) - 1$$

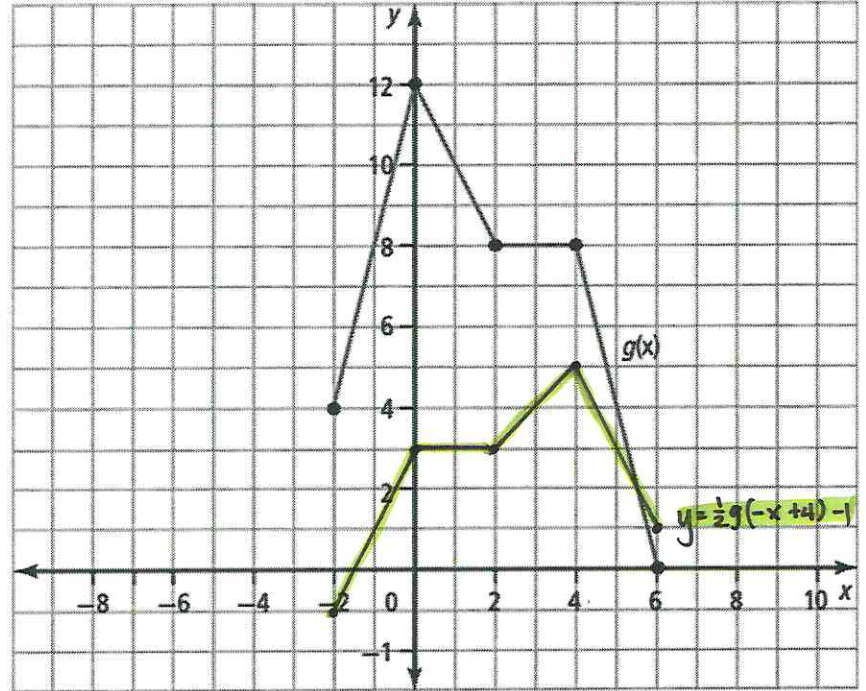
i) Describe the transformation in words.

↳ Vertical stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$

↳ Reflect over the y-axis

↳ Shift 4 units right

↳ Shift 1 unit down



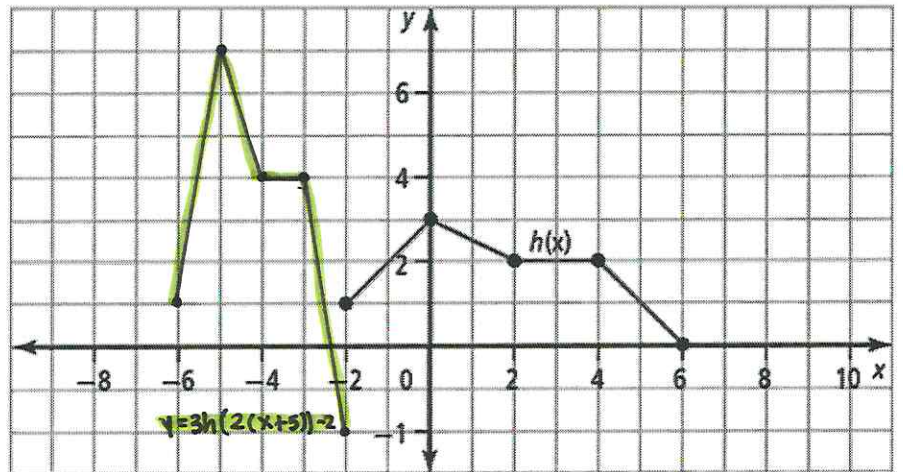
ii) Provide the mapping notation

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (-x + 4, \frac{1}{2}y - 1)$$

iii) Domain and Range of $g(x)$ and $y = \frac{1}{2}g(-x + 4) - 1$

	$g(x)$	$y = \frac{1}{2}g(-x + 4) - 1$
Domain	$[-2, 6]$	$[-2, 6]$
Range	$[0, 12]$	$[-1, 5]$

$$b) y = 3h(2(x + 5)) - 2$$



i) Describe the transformation in words.

↳ Vertical stretch by a factor of 3

↳ Horizontal stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$

↳ Shift 5 units left

↳ Shift 2 units down

ii) Provide the mapping notation

$$(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2}x - 5, 3y - 2\right)$$

iii) Domain and Range of $h(x)$ and $y = 3h(2(x + 5)) - 2$

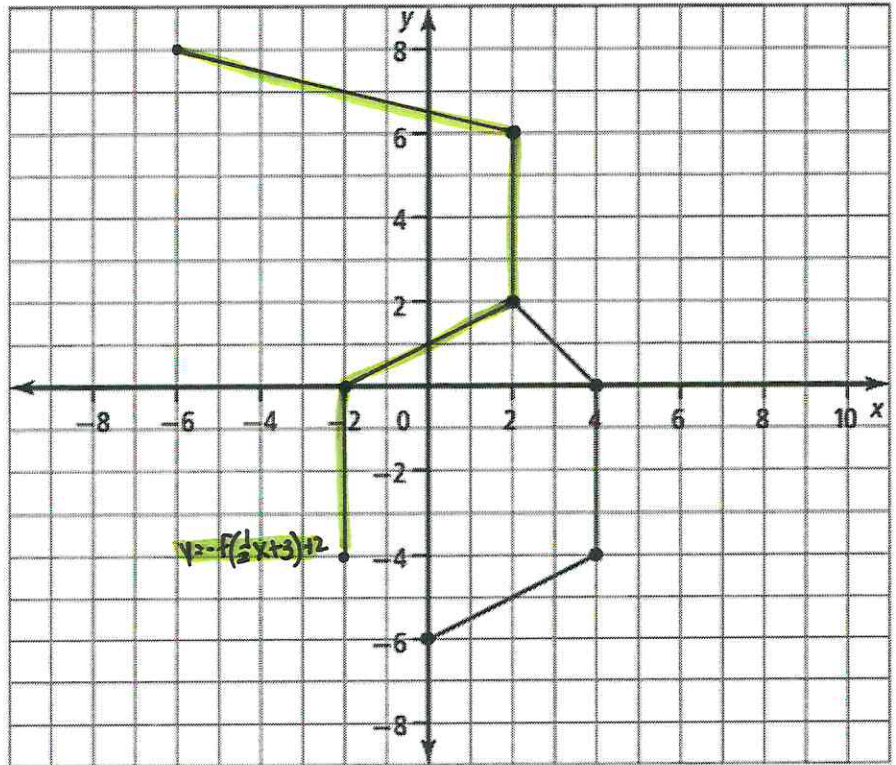
	$h(x)$	$y = 3h(2(x + 5)) - 2$
Domain	$-2 \leq x \leq 6$	$-6 \leq x \leq -2$
Range	$0 \leq y \leq 3$	$-1 \leq y \leq 7$

$$c) y = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 3\right) + 2$$

$$y = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}(x+6)\right) + 2$$

i) Describe the transformation in words.

- ↳ Reflection over the x-axis
- ↳ Horizontal stretch by a factor of 2
- ↳ Shift 6 units left
- ↳ shift 2 units up



ii) Provide the mapping notation

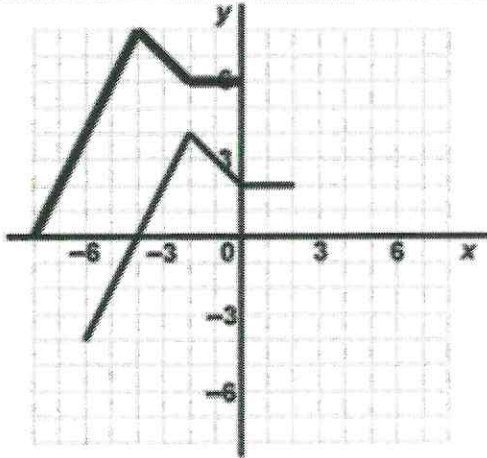
$$(x, y) \rightarrow (2x - 6, -y + 2)$$

iii) Domain and Range of $g(x)$ and $y = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 3\right) + 2$

	$f(x)$	$y = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 3\right) + 2$
Domain	$[0, 4]$	$[-6, 2]$
Range	$[-6, 6]$	$[-4, 8]$

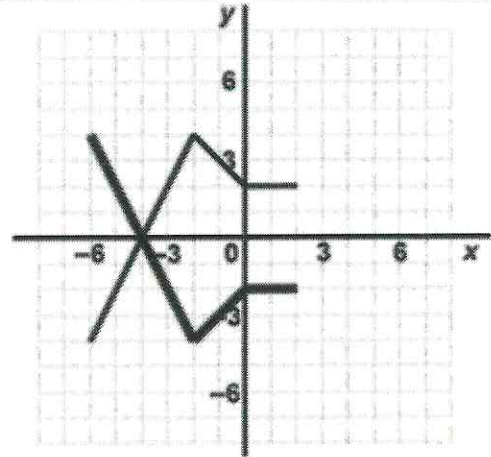
2. Write the **equation** for the **HEAVY** lined graph, given the lighter lined graph is $y = f(x)$.

a)



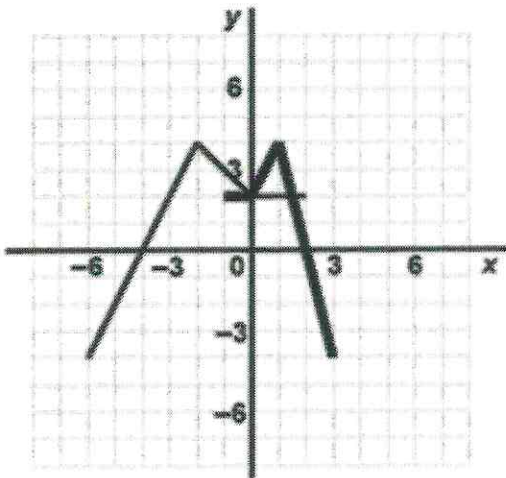
$$y = f(x+2) + 4$$

b)



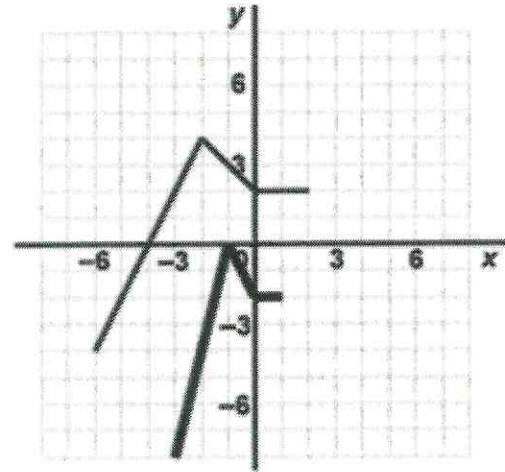
$$y = -f(x)$$

c)



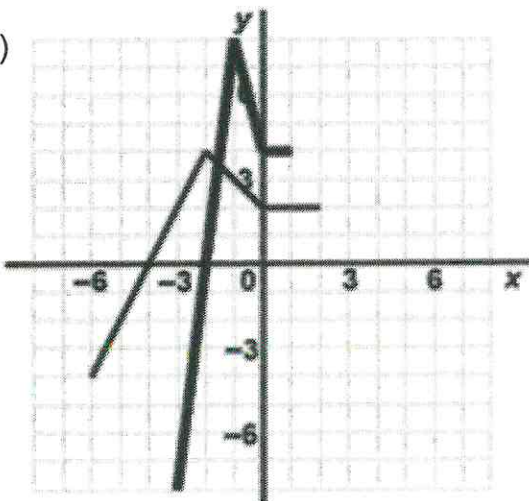
$$y = f(-2x)$$

d)



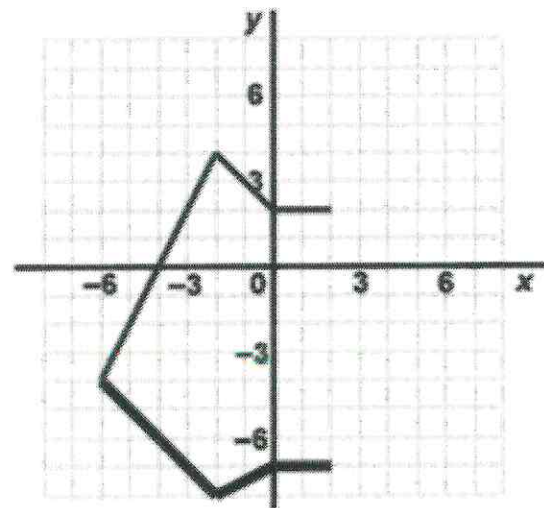
$$y = f(2x) - 4$$

e)



$$y = 2f(2x)$$

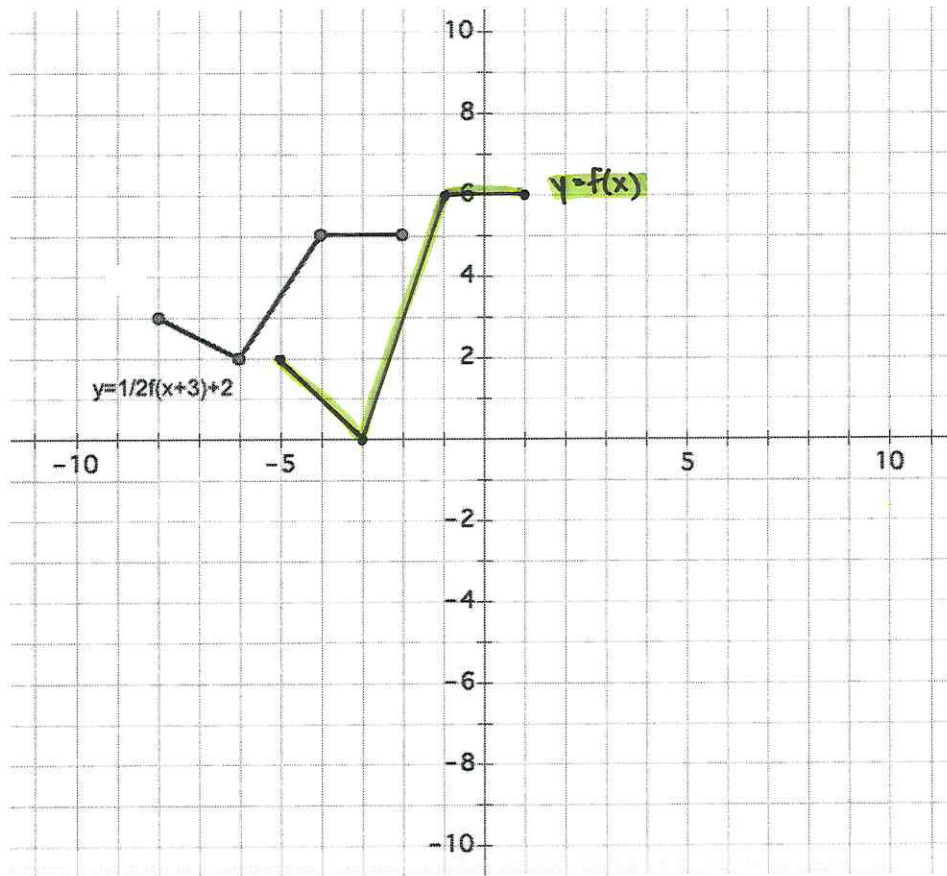
f)



$$y = -\frac{1}{2}f(x) - 6$$

3. The graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}f(x+3) + 2$ is given. Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x-3, \frac{1}{2}y+2)$$



4. Describe, in words, the following transformation applied to the graph of $y = f(x)$ if $y = 3f(-x+6) - 1$. $y = 3f(-(x-6)) - 1$

↳ Vertical stretch by a factor of 3

↳ Reflect over the y-axis

↳ Shift 6 units right

↳ Shift 1 unit down

5. The point $(1, 6)$ lies on the graph of $y = -2f(x+4) + 3$. What is the original point on the graph of $y = f(x)$?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x-4, -2y+3)$$

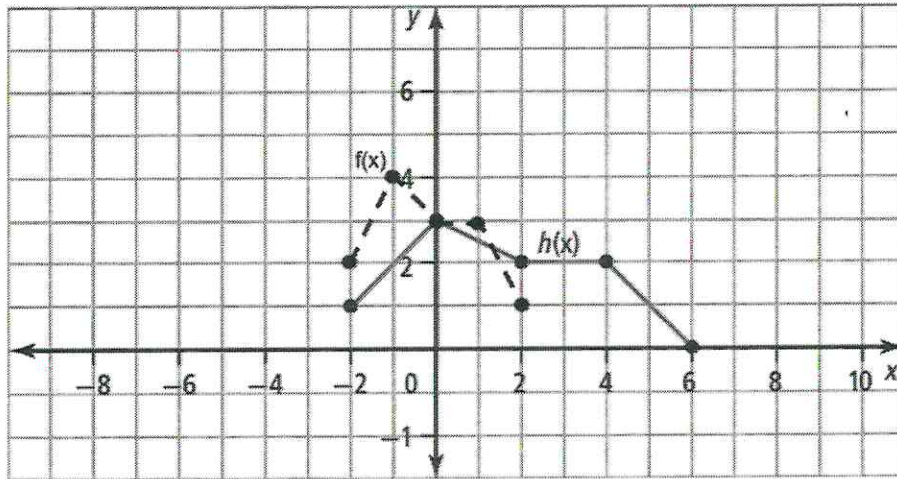
$$1 = x - 4 \quad 6 = -2y + 3$$

$$5 = x \quad 3 = -2y$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} = y$$

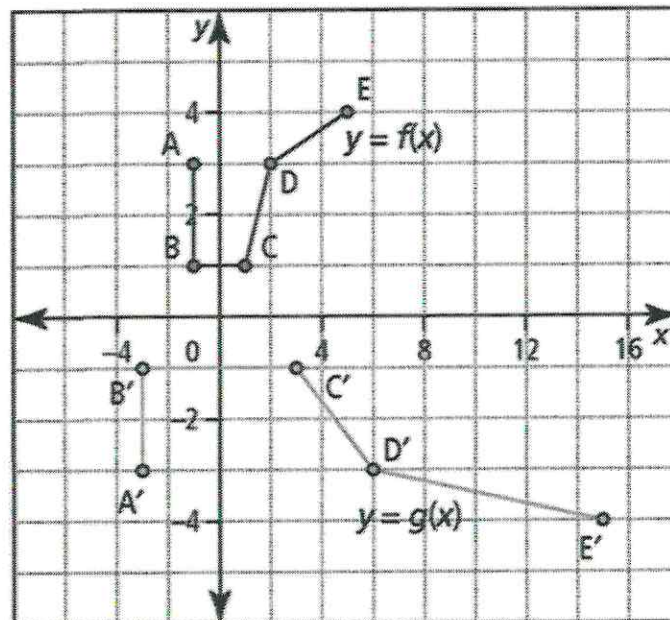
$$\therefore (1, 6) \rightarrow (5, -\frac{3}{2})$$

6. The graph of $h(x)$ represents a transformation of the graph of $f(x)$. Write the **equation** for the graph of $h(x)$ in terms of $f(x)$.



$$h(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{2}(x-2)\right) - 1$$

7. The graph of $g(x)$ represents a transformation of the graph of $f(x)$. Write the **equation** for the graph of $g(x)$ in terms of $f(x)$.



$$g(x) = -f\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right)$$

8. Describe, in words, the following transformations applied to the graph of $y = f(x)$ if $y = -f(2(x-1)) + 4$.

- ↳ Reflect over the x-axis
- ↳ Horizontal stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$
- ↳ Shift 1 unit right
- ↳ Shift 4 units up

9. The domain of $y = f(x)$ is $-4 \leq x \leq 8$ and the range is $-6 \leq y \leq 12$. What are the domain and range of $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}f\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (2x, \frac{1}{3}y)$$

$$\text{Domain: } -8 \leq x \leq 16$$

$$\text{Range: } -2 \leq y \leq 4$$

10. The domain of $y = f(x)$ is $[-12, 18]$ and the range is $[-3, 6]$. What are the domain and range of $g(x) = -2f(3x)$?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{3}x, -2y\right)$$

$$\text{Domain: } [-4, 6]$$

$$\text{Range: } [-12, 6]$$

11. Match the mapping with the correct transformation.

a) $(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{4}x, y\right)$

A) vertical stretch by a factor of 4

b) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, y + 4)$

B) horizontal stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{4}$

c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 4, y)$

C) vertical translation up 4 units

d) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, 4y)$

D) horizontal translation right 4 units

12. Write the equation for each transformation of $y = f(x)$ in the form $y = af(b(x - h) + k)$

a) a vertical stretch by a factor of 3, reflected in the y-axis, and translated 3 units left and 2 units down

$$y = 3f(-(x+3)) - 2$$

b) a horizontal stretch by a factor of 2, reflected in the x-axis, and translated 7 units up

$$y = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 7$$

c) a horizontal stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{4}$ translated 5 units right and 1 unit down

$$y = f(4(x-5)) - 1$$

d) a vertical stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$ a horizontal stretch by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ and reflected in the x-axis

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}f(2x)$$

13. The point $(-18, 12)$ is on the graph of $y = f(x)$. What is the **image point** under each transformation of the graph of $f(x)$?

a) $y = f(x - 6) - 8$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x+6, y-8) \quad (-18, 12) \rightarrow (-12, 4)$$

b) $y = 2f(6x)$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{6}x, 2y\right) \quad (-18, 12) \rightarrow (-3, 24)$$

c) $y = -3f(x + 5) + 4$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x-5, -3y+4) \quad (-18, 12) \rightarrow (-23, -32)$$

d) $y = \frac{1}{2}(-3x + 6) - 1$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}f(-3(x-2)) - 1$$

$$(-18, 12) \rightarrow (8, 5)$$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{3}x+2, \frac{1}{2}y-1\right)$$